#### Festivals & Events

Yunnan is a culturally rich province with a diverse mix of ethnic groups, and its festivals reflect this vibrant cultural mosaic. Many of the festivals are tied to the traditions and customs of the local ethnic minorities, making them unique and fascinating experiences for travelers. Here are some of Yunnan's most famous festivals and events that you might want to experience during your visit:

#### 1. Water Splashing Festival (泼水节)

- When: Usually held in mid-April (often coinciding with the Thai New Year, Songkran)
- Where: Xishuangbanna and Dehong, primarily among the Dai ethnic minority
- What: The Water Splashing Festival is the most important festival for the Dai people. It marks their New Year and is celebrated with several days of activities, including dragon boat racing, traditional Dai performances, and the most famous event splashing water on each other. Water is believed to wash away bad luck and bring happiness and health in the new year.
- Why visit: It's a joyous, fun-filled event, and being splashed with water is a way to participate in the blessings for good fortune.

# 2. Torch Festival (火把节)

- When: Usually held in late July or early August
- Where: Throughout Yunnan, especially in areas with the Yi and Bai ethnic groups (like Chuxiong, Dali, and Lijiang)
- What: The Torch Festival is a grand, fiery celebration involving bonfires, wrestling competitions, horse racing, and other traditional activities. The Yi people believe that fire drives away evil spirits and protects the crops.
- Why visit: This is one of the most spectacular festivals in Yunnan, as the entire town or village gathers to light torches and bonfires, with people dancing and celebrating late into the night.

# 3. March Fair (三月街)

- When: Held in mid-March of the lunar calendar (typically in April)
- Where: Dali (mainly in the ancient town of Dali)
- What: Originally a trade fair and a religious festival for the Bai ethnic group, the March Fair has evolved into a large-scale festival with a mix of cultural performances, folk dances, horse races, and a vibrant marketplace. Local artisans sell traditional Bai handicrafts, jewelry, and textiles, while food stalls offer regional delicacies.
- Why visit: It's a great way to experience the traditions of the Bai people, browse local crafts, and taste unique Yunnanese food in a lively, bustling atmosphere.

# 4. Jianshui Confucius Temple Cultural Festival (建水孔庙文化节)

- When: September or October
- Where: Jianshui, in Honghe Prefecture
- What: Held in one of the largest Confucius temples in China, this festival honors Confucius and promotes Confucian culture. The festival includes performances of traditional Confucian rites, cultural exhibitions, and music performances. The ancient town of Jianshui itself is also a beautifully preserved example of traditional Chinese architecture.
- Why visit: It offers a quieter, more scholarly festival experience, combined with the chance to explore one of Yunnan's most charming ancient towns.

#### 5. Shoton Festival (雪顿节)

- When: Late August
- Where: Shangri-La, among the Tibetan communities
- What: Also known as the Yogurt Festival, Shoton is one of the most important festivals for Tibetan people. It marks the end of the monks' summer retreat, and the festival is celebrated with huge thangka (Buddhist paintings) unveilings, traditional Tibetan opera, and other cultural performances. Locals also enjoy large picnics in the surrounding scenic areas.
- Why visit: Experience the unique Tibetan Buddhist culture, enjoy traditional opera performances, and witness breathtaking religious rituals, all set against the stunning backdrop of Shangri-La's highlands.

# 6. Sanduo Festival (三多节)

- When: Usually in February or March (based on the lunar calendar)
- Where: Lijiang, among the Naxi ethnic group
- What: The festival celebrates Sanduo, the main deity of the Naxi people and the protector of Lijiang. Thousands of people from the surrounding areas, including Tibetans and Yi people, gather at Yulong (Jade Dragon) Mountain to perform religious ceremonies and offer sacrifices. The festival also features traditional music and dance performances.
- Why visit: It's a fascinating look into the deeply spiritual life of the Naxi people, set in the beautiful ancient town of Lijiang and its surrounding mountainous landscape.

# 7. Horse Racing Festival (赛马节)

- When: Held in various months (usually May or August) depending on the area
- Where: Mostly in Tibetan and Yi areas, such as Shangri-La or Lijiang
- What: Horse racing is a significant event for the nomadic Tibetan and Yi communities in Yunnan. During the Horse Racing Festival, participants compete in various riding and racing events, often accompanied by other festivities like archery, wrestling, and dancing.
- Why visit: The festival is not just about horse racing—it's an immersive experience in local Tibetan and Yi culture, with opportunities to see traditional dress, music, and dance.

# 8. Munao Zongge Festival (目瑙纵歌)

- When: Usually in February
- Where: Dehong, celebrated by the Jingpo ethnic minority
- What: The Munao Zongge Festival is the most important event for the Jingpo people, known for its vibrant singing and dancing. The highlight is the grand dance, where thousands of people dance in huge circles wearing traditional costumes. It's a celebration of Jingpo history and their relationship with nature.
- Why visit: It's one of the most colorful festivals in Yunnan, featuring large communal dances that symbolize unity and harmony.

#### 9. Zhiju Hua Festival (指聚花节)

- When: Spring, during the blooming of azaleas
- Where: Wuliang Mountain, near Dali
- What: The Zhiju Hua Festival is a local flower festival that celebrates the blooming of azaleas in the beautiful Wuliang Mountain region. Villagers and tourists gather to admire the scenery, participate in local performances, and join in traditional dances and games.
- Why visit: A perfect opportunity for nature lovers to enjoy Yunnan's natural beauty while also experiencing the local culture.

#### **10. Tibetan New Year (Losar)**

- When: February or March (based on the Tibetan lunar calendar)
- Where: Shangri-La and Tibetan areas
- What: Losar, the Tibetan New Year, is a major holiday celebrated with religious ceremonies, feasting, family gatherings, and performances. Homes and monasteries are cleaned and decorated, and offerings are made to deities for a prosperous new year.
- Why visit: Losar is a deeply spiritual event, allowing travelers to witness Tibetan Buddhist traditions and enjoy local customs.

# 11. The Kunming International Cultural Tourism Festival (昆明国际文化旅游节)

- When: Held annually, usually in August
- Where: Kunming, Yunnan's provincial capital
- What: A large cultural festival showcasing Yunnan's diversity, this event features performances from various ethnic groups, exhibitions, arts and crafts stalls, and culinary experiences.
- Why visit: It's a great way to get a broad view of Yunnan's rich cultural landscape without leaving the city, with a variety of shows and activities in one place.

#### **Tips for Attending Festivals in Yunnan:**

- 1. **Plan Ahead**: Festival dates can change based on the lunar calendar, so check the exact dates before planning your trip.
- 2. **Respect Local Customs**: Many of the festivals are deeply spiritual. Be respectful of local traditions, dress modestly, and follow any specific guidelines provided by local communities.
- 3. **Engage**: Participate in the celebrations when possible, whether it's joining a dance, eating local foods, or observing rituals. This enhances your experience and connects you with the local culture.
- 4. **Crowds**: Popular festivals can attract large crowds, especially in tourist-heavy areas. Arrive early to find a good spot and avoid peak congestion.

These festivals are not only fun but also provide insight into Yunnan's diverse ethnic cultures and traditions. If you plan your trip to coincide with one of these events, you'll have a more immersive and memorable experience.